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**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**

James Leon Walker,
Petitioner,
vs.
Charles L. Ryan, et al.,
Respondents.

No. CV 13-498-PHX-DGC (DKD)

ORDER

On March 7, 2013, Petitioner James Leon Walker, who is confined in the Arizona State Prison Complex-Eyman in Florence, Arizona, filed a *pro se* Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. In an April 30, 2013 Order, the Court noted that Petitioner had not paid the filing fee or filed an Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis*. The Court gave Petitioner 30 days to either pay the filing fee or file an Application to Proceed.

On May 13, 2013, Petitioner filed an Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis*. In a June 10, 2013 Order, the Court granted the Application to Proceed and dismissed the Petition for lack of jurisdiction because Petitioner had failed to allege that he was in custody in violation of the Constitution or the laws or treaties of the United States. The Court gave Petitioner 30 days to file an amended petition that cured the deficiency identified in the Order.

On June 13, 2013, Petitioner filed an Amended Petition (Doc. 9). The Court will dismiss the Amended Petition without prejudice and with leave to amend.

1 **I. Amended Petition**

2 Petitioner was convicted in Maricopa County Superior Court, case number CR-
3 2000-012987, of attempted sexual conduct with a minor and attempted molestation of a
4 child. He was sentenced to a 15-year term of imprisonment and lifetime probation,
5 respectively. Petitioner has named the State of Arizona as Respondent and the Arizona
6 Attorney General as an Additional Respondent.

7 Petitioner raises one ground for relief. He claims, as he did in his original Petition,
8 that newly discovered evidence “clearly shows [the] alleged victims were not in the State
9 of Arizona for the crimes to happen in the State of Arizona at that time. Petitioner is
10 unlawfully imprisoned.”

11 A petitioner for habeas corpus relief under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 must name the state
12 officer having custody of him as the respondent to the petition. *See* Rule 2(a), Rules
13 Governing Section 2254 Cases; *Belgarde v. Montana*, 123 F.3d 1210, 1212 (9th Cir.
14 1997). Typically, this person is the warden of the institution where the petitioner is
15 incarcerated. “Failure to name the petitioner’s custodian as a respondent deprives federal
16 courts of personal jurisdiction.” *Stanley v. California Supreme Court*, 21 F.3d 359, 360
17 (9th Cir. 1994). Petitioner has named the State of Arizona as Respondent. The State of
18 Arizona, however, is not the proper respondent in a § 2254 habeas corpus petition. Thus,
19 the Court lacks jurisdiction over this case and will dismiss it.

20 In addition, § 2254(a) requires the Court to “entertain an application for a writ of
21 habeas corpus [o]n behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court
22 **only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or**
23 **treaties of the United States.**” (Emphasis added.) Still absent from Petitioner’s ground
24 for relief is any statement that the Petitioner is in custody in violation of the Constitution
25 or the laws or treaties of the United States. Thus, the Court lacks jurisdiction over this
26 case and will dismiss it.

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II. Leave to Amend

For the foregoing reasons, Petitioner's Amended Petition will be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction. Within 30 days, Petitioner may submit a second amended petition to cure the deficiencies outlined above. The Clerk of Court will mail Petitioner a court-approved form to use for filing a second amended petition.

Petitioner is cautioned that if he fails to file his second amended petition on the court-approved form included with this Order, it will be stricken and the action dismissed without further notice to Petitioner.

Petitioner is advised that the amended petition must be retyped or rewritten in its entirety on the court-approved form and may not incorporate any part of the original Petition or Amended Petition by reference. A second amended petition submitted by Petitioner should be clearly designated as such on the face of the document.

Any second amended petition supersedes the original Petition and Amended Petition. *Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1262 (9th Cir. 1992); *Hal Roach Studios v. Richard Feiner & Co., Inc.*, 896 F.2d 1542, 1546 (9th Cir. 1990). After amendment, the original Petition and Amended Petition are treated as nonexistent. *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1262. Thus, grounds for relief alleged in the original Petition and Amended Petition which are not alleged in a second amended petition are waived. *King v. Atiyeh*, 814 F.2d 565, 567 (9th Cir. 1987).

III. Request for Counsel

In his Amended Petition, Petitioner requests that the Court "please appoint counsel."

"Indigent state prisoners applying for habeas corpus relief are not entitled to appointed counsel unless the circumstances of a particular case indicate that appointed counsel is necessary to prevent due process violations." *Chaney v. Lewis*, 801 F.2d 1191, 1196 (9th Cir. 1986). However, the Court has discretion to appoint counsel when "the interests of justice so require." 18 U.S.C. § 3006A(a)(2)(B).

1 Petitioner has not made the necessary showing for appointment of counsel at this
2 time, and, therefore, his request for counsel will be denied without prejudice. If, at a later
3 date, the Court determines that an evidentiary hearing is required, counsel will be
4 appointed in accordance with Rule 8(c) of the Rules Governing Section 2254
5 Proceedings.

6 **IV. Warnings**

7 **A. Address Changes**

8 Petitioner must file and serve a notice of a change of address in accordance with
9 Rule 83.3(d) of the Local Rules of Civil Procedure. Petitioner must not include a motion
10 for other relief with a notice of change of address. Failure to comply may result in
11 dismissal of this action.

12 **B. Copies**

13 Because Petitioner is currently confined in ASPC-Eyman and this case is subject
14 to General Order 13-11, Petitioner is not required to submit an additional copy of every
15 filing for use by the Court, as would ordinarily be required by Local Rule of Civil
16 Procedure 5.4. If Petitioner is transferred to a prison other than ASPC-Eyman, he will be
17 notified of the requirements regarding copies for the Court that are required for inmates
18 whose cases are not subject to General Order 13-11.

19 **C. Possible Dismissal**

20 If Petitioner fails to timely comply with every provision of this Order, including
21 these warnings, the Court may dismiss this action without further notice. *See Ferdik*, 963
22 F.2d at 1260-61 (a district court may dismiss an action for failure to comply with any
23 order of the Court).

24 **IT IS ORDERED:**

25 (1) Petitioner's Amended Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Doc. 9) is
26 **dismissed without prejudice, with leave to amend.** Petitioner has **30 days** from the
27 date this Order is filed to file a second amended petition.

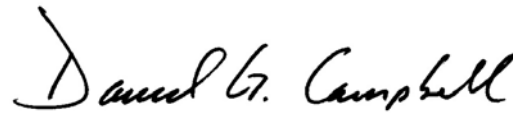
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1 (2) Petitioner's request for counsel (included in Doc. 9) is **denied without**
2 **prejudice.**

3 (3) The Clerk of Court must enter a judgment of dismissal without prejudice of
4 this action, without further notice to Petitioner, **if** Petitioner fails to submit a second
5 amended petition on the court-approved form within 30 days from the filing date of this
6 Order.

7 (4) The Clerk of Court must send Petitioner the current court-approved form
8 for filing a "Petition Under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 for Writ of Habeas Corpus by a Person in
9 State Custody (Non-Death Penalty)."

10 Dated this 23rd day of July, 2013.

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14 _____
15 David G. Campbell
16 United States District Judge
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**Instructions for Filing a Petition Under 28 U.S.C. § 2254
for a Writ of Habeas Corpus by a Person in State Custody
in the United States District Court for the District of Arizona**

1. Who May Use This Form. To use this form, you must be a person who is currently serving a sentence under a judgment against you in a state court. You are asking for relief from the conviction or the sentence on the grounds that your conviction or sentence violates the United States Constitution or other federal law. You also may use this form to challenge a state judgment that imposed a sentence to be served in the future, but you must fill in the name of the state where the judgment was entered. If you want to challenge a federal conviction or sentence, you should file a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 to vacate sentence in the federal court that entered the judgment. **This form should not be used in death penalty cases.** If you were sentenced to death, you are entitled to the assistance of counsel and you should request the appointment of counsel.
2. The Form. **Local Rule of Civil Procedure (LRCiv) 3.5(a) provides that habeas corpus petitions must be filed on the court-approved form.** The form must be typed or neatly handwritten. All questions must be answered clearly and concisely in the appropriate space on the form. If needed, you may attach additional pages. The form, however, must be completely filled in to the extent applicable. You do not need to cite law. If you want to file a brief or arguments, you must attach a separate memorandum.
3. Your Signature. You must tell the truth and sign the form. If you make a false statement of a material fact, you may be prosecuted for perjury.
4. The Filing Fee. The filing fee for this action is \$5.00. If you are unable to pay the filing fee, you may request permission to proceed *in forma pauperis* by completing and signing the Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis* provided with the petition form. You must have an official at the prison or jail complete the certificate at the bottom of the application form. If the amount of money in your account exceeds \$25.00, you must pay the \$5.00 filing fee. LRCiv 3.5(b).
5. Original and Judge's Copy. You must send an **original plus one copy** of your petition and of any other document submitted to the Court. You must send one additional copy to the Court if you wish to have a file-stamped copy of the document returned to you. All copies must be identical to the original. Copies may be legibly handwritten.
6. Where to File. You should **file your petition in the division where you were convicted.** See LRCiv 5.1(b). If you are challenging a judgment of conviction entered in Maricopa, Pinal, Yuma, La Paz, or Gila County, file your petition in the Phoenix Division. If you are challenging a judgment of conviction entered in Apache, Navajo, Coconino, Mohave, or Yavapai County, file your petition in the Prescott Division. If you are challenging a judgment of conviction entered in Pima, Cochise, Santa Cruz, Graham, or Greenlee County, file your petition in the Tucson Division. See LRCiv 5.1(b) and 77.1(a).

Mail the original and one copy of your petition with the \$5.00 filing fee or the application to proceed *in forma pauperis* to:

Phoenix & Prescott Divisions:
U.S. District Court Clerk
U.S. Courthouse, Suite 130
401 West Washington Street, SPC 10
Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2119

OR

Tucson Division:
U.S. District Court Clerk
U.S. Courthouse, Suite 1500
405 West Congress Street
Tucson, Arizona 85701-5010

7. Change of Address. You must immediately notify the Court and respondents in writing of any change in your mailing address. **Failure to notify the Court of any change in your mailing address may result in the dismissal of your case.**

8. Certificate of Service. You must provide the respondents with a copy of any document you submit to the Court (except the initial petition and application to proceed *in forma pauperis*). Each original document (except the initial petition and application to proceed *in forma pauperis*) must include a certificate of service on the last page of the document stating the date a copy of the document was mailed to the respondents and the address to which it was mailed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(a), (d). Any document received by the Court that does not include a certificate of service may be stricken. A certificate of service should be in the following form:

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing document was mailed
this _____ (month, day, year) to:
Name: _____
Address: _____
Attorney for Respondent(s)

(Signature)

9. Amended Petition. If you need to change any of the information in the initial petition, you must file an amended petition. The amended petition must be written on the court-approved form. You may file one amended petition without leave (permission) of Court before any respondent has answered your original petition. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a). After any respondent has filed an answer, you must file a motion for leave to amend and lodge (submit) a proposed amended petition. LRCiv 15.1. An amended petition may not incorporate by reference any part of your prior petition. LRCiv 15.1(a)(2). **Any grounds not included in the amended petition are considered dismissed.**

10. Exhibits. If available, you should attach a copy of all state and federal court written decisions regarding the conviction you are challenging. Do **not** submit any other exhibits with the petition. Instead, you should paraphrase the relevant information in the petition.

11. Letters and Motions. It is generally inappropriate to write a letter to any judge or the staff of any judge. The only appropriate way to communicate with the Court is by filing a written pleading or motion.

12. Warnings.

- a. Judgment Entered by a Single Court. You may challenge the judgment entered by only one court. Multiple counts which resulted in a judgment by the same court may be challenged in the same petition. If you wish to challenge judgments entered by more than one court, however, you must file separate petitions for each judgment.
- b. Grounds for Relief. You must raise all grounds for relief that relate to this conviction or sentence. Any grounds not raised in this petition will likely be barred from being raised in any subsequent federal action.
- c. Exhaustion. In order to proceed in federal court, you ordinarily must exhaust the remedies available to you in the state courts as to each claim on which you request action by the federal court. If you did not fairly present each of your grounds to the Arizona Court of Appeals, your petition may be dismissed. If you did not present one or more of your grounds to the Arizona Court of Appeals, explain why you did not.

FINAL NOTE

You should follow these instructions carefully. Failure to do so may result in your petition being stricken or dismissed by the Court. All questions must be answered concisely in the proper space on the form. If you need more space, you may attach additional pages. But the form must be completely filled in to the extent applicable. If you attach additional pages, be sure to identify which section of the petition is being continued and number all pages.

Name and Prisoner/Booking Number

Place of Confinement

Mailing Address

City, State, Zip Code

(Failure to notify the Court of your change of address may result in dismissal of this action.)

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**

_____,)
(Full Name of Petitioner))

Petitioner,)

vs.)

CASE NO. _____
(To be supplied by the Clerk)

_____,)
(Name of the Director of the Department of)
Corrections, Jailor or authorized person having)
custody of Petitioner))

Respondent,)

and)

The Attorney General of the State of _____,)

Additional Respondent.)

**PETITION UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2254
FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS
BY A PERSON IN STATE CUSTODY
(NON-DEATH PENALTY)**

PETITION

1. (a) Name and location of court that entered the judgment of conviction you are challenging: _____

(b) Criminal docket or case number: _____

2. Date of judgment of conviction: _____

3. In this case, were you convicted on more than one count or crime? Yes ☐ No ☐

4. Identify all counts and crimes for which you were convicted and sentenced in this case: _____

5. Length of sentence for each count or crime for which you were convicted in this case: _____

6. (a) What was your plea?
Not guilty ☐
Guilty ☐
Nolo contendere (no contest) ☐

(b) If you entered a guilty plea to one count or charge, and a not guilty plea to another count or charge, give details: _____

(c) If you went to trial, what kind of trial did you have? (Check one) Jury ☐ Judge only ☐

7. Did you testify at the trial? Yes ☐ No ☐

8. Did you file a direct appeal to the Arizona Court of Appeals from the judgment of conviction?
Yes ☐ No ☐

If yes, answer the following:

(a) Date you filed: _____

(b) Docket or case number: _____

(c) Result: _____

(d) Date of result: _____

(e) Grounds raised: _____

Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.

9. Did you appeal to the Arizona Supreme Court? Yes ☐ No ☐

If yes, answer the following:

- (a) Date you filed: _____
- (b) Docket or case number: _____
- (c) Result: _____
- (d) Date of result: _____
- (e) Grounds raised: _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.

10. Did you file a petition for certiorari in the United States Supreme Court? Yes ☐ No ☐

If yes, answer the following:

- (a) Date you filed: _____
- (b) Docket or case number: _____
- (c) Result: _____
- (d) Date of result: _____
- (e) Grounds raised: _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.

11. Other than the direct appeals listed above, have you filed any other petitions, applications or motions concerning this judgment of conviction in any state court? Yes ☐ No ☐

If yes, answer the following:

(a) First Petition.

(1) Date you filed: _____

(2) Name of court: _____

(3) Nature of the proceeding (Rule 32, special action or habeas corpus): _____

(4) Docket or case number: _____

(5) Result: _____

(6) Date of result: _____

(7) Grounds raised: _____

Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.

(b) Second Petition.

(1) Date you filed: _____

(2) Name of court: _____

(3) Nature of the proceeding (Rule 32, special action or habeas corpus): _____

(4) Docket or case number: _____

(5) Result: _____

(6) Date of result: _____

(7) Grounds raised: _____

Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.

(c) Third Petition.

(1) Date you filed: _____

(2) Name of court: _____

(3) Nature of the proceeding (Rule 32, special action or habeas corpus): _____

(4) Docket or case number: _____

(5) Result: _____

(6) Date of result: _____

(7) Grounds raised: _____

Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.

(d) Did you appeal the action taken on your petition, application, or motion to the:

Arizona Court of Appeals:

Arizona Supreme Court:

(1) First petition: Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐

(2) Second petition: Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐

(3) Third petition Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐

(e) If you did not appeal to the Arizona Court of Appeals, explain why you did not: _____

12. For this petition, **state every ground on which you claim that you are being held in violation of the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States.** Attach additional pages if you have more than four grounds. State the facts supporting each ground.

CAUTION: To proceed in the federal court, you must ordinarily first exhaust (use up) your available state-court remedies on each ground on which you request action by the federal court. Also, if you fail to set forth all the grounds in this petition, you may be barred from presenting additional grounds at a later date.

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This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Third petition □

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Please answer these additional questions about this petition:

13. Have you previously filed any type of petition, application or motion in a federal court regarding the conviction that you challenge in this petition? Yes ☐ No ☐

If yes, give the date of filing, the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, the issues raised, the date of the court's decision, and the result for each petition, application, or motion filed. Attach a copy of any court opinion or order, if available: _____

14. Do you have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or federal, as to the judgment you are challenging? Yes ☐ No ☐

If yes, give the date of filing, the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, and the issues raised: _____

15. Do you have any future sentence to serve after you complete the sentence imposed by the judgment you are challenging? Yes ☐ No ☐

If yes, answer the following:

(a) Name and location of the court that imposed the sentence to be served in the future:

(b) Date that the other sentence was imposed: _____

(c) Length of the other sentence: _____

(d) Have you filed, or do you plan to file, any petition challenging the judgment or sentence to be served in the future? Yes ☐ No ☐

16. TIMELINESS OF PETITION: If your judgment of conviction became final more than one year ago, you must explain why the one-year statute of limitations in 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d) does not bar your petition.*

*Section 2244(d) provides in part that:

(1) A 1-year period of limitation shall apply to an application for a writ of habeas corpus by a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court. The limitation period shall run from the latest of-

(A) the date on which the judgment became final by the conclusion of direct review or the expiration of the time for seeking such review;

(B) the date on which the impediment to filing an application created by State action in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the applicant was prevented from filing by such State action;

(C) the date on which the constitutional right asserted was initially recognized by the Supreme Court, if the right has been newly recognized by the Supreme Court and made retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review; or

(D) the date on which the factual predicate of the claim or claims presented could have been discovered through the exercise of due diligence.

(2) The time during which a properly filed application for State post-conviction or other collateral review with respect to the pertinent judgment or claim is pending shall not be counted toward any period of limitation under this subsection.

17. Petitioner asks that the Court grant the following relief: _____

or any other relief to which Petitioner may be entitled. (Money damages are not available in habeas corpus cases.)

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus was placed in the prison mailing system on _____(month, day, year).

Signature of Petitioner

Signature of attorney, if any

Date